



## Youth Involved Sexual Imagery Policy

<b>Version</b>	4.0
<b>Approving Body</b>	Trust Board
<b>Date ratified</b>	July 2024
<b>Date issued</b>	1st September 2024
<b>Review date</b>	July 2025
<b>Owner</b>	Trust CEO
<b>Applies to</b>	All Trust Schools, all Trust staff

<b>Version</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Reason</b>
1.0	September 2021	To establish a trust-wide policy
2.0	September 2022	To reflect updates to Keeping Children Safe In Education 2022
3.0	July 2023	Reviewed as part of the review cycle
4.0	July 2024	Reviewed as part of the review cycle

The Youth Involved Sexual Imagery Policy for Initio Learning Trust is based on a template provided by the Farrer & Co; it reflects the Pan-Dorset Interagency Safeguarding Procedures and 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' 2024.

This Trust Policy has been designed to be adapted by headteachers and safeguarding leads to reflect each school's contextual information.

In drawing up the Trust's Youth Involved Sexual Imagery Policy, the Trust has considered the range of people who will refer to the Policy i.e. trustees, leaders, teaching staff, support and lunch staff, parent helpers, volunteers, supply staff etc, as well as students and parents. The Trust will monitor the implementation of the Policy as part of its annual monitoring cycle and will consider such issues as:

- How does the Trust and its schools demonstrate that staff have read and applied this Policy?
- The implications of the Policy on training for staff, trustees, leaders, DSLs etc.
- The ongoing involvement of the school's Children's Safeguarding Board in implementation of the Policy

# Contents

1. Introduction
2. What is Youth involved sexual imagery?
3. Disclosure
4. Responding to incidents
5. Education
6. References

## 1. Introduction

This policy outlines Initio Learning Trust and its school's response to incidents of youth involved sexual imagery. It relates to, and should be read alongside:

- The Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Behaviour Policy
- Exclusions Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- Online Safety Policy
- Child on Child Abuse Policy

This policy only covers the involvement of children in sexual imagery. Creating, keeping and/or sharing sexual photos and videos of under-18s is illegal, and is classified as the making, possession or distribution of indecent images of a minor - under the Protection of Children Act 1978 (making and/or distribution) and the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (possession). As such it causes the greatest complexity for schools when responding. It also presents a range of risks which need careful management.

## 2. What is Youth involved sexual imagery?

This policy uses the term 'youth involved sexual imagery' to mean the sending or posting of nude or semi-nude images, videos or live streams by young people under the age of 18 online. This could be via social media, gaming platforms, chat apps or forums. It could also involve sharing between devices via services like Apple's AirDrop which works offline.

The term 'nudes' is used as it is most commonly recognised by young people and more appropriately covers all types of image sharing incidents. Alternative terms used by children and young people may include 'dick pics' or 'pics'. Many professionals may refer to youth involved imagery as:

- nudes and semi-nudes
- youth produced sexual imagery
- indecent imagery. This is the legal term used to define nude or semi-nude images and videos of children and young people under the age of 18.
- 'sexting'. Many adults may use this term, however some young people interpret sexting as 'writing and sharing explicit messages with people they know' rather than sharing images
- image-based sexual abuse. This term may be used when referring to the non consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nudes

The motivations for taking and sharing youth involved sexual imagery, videos and live streams are not always sexually or criminally motivated. Such images may be created and shared consensually by young people who are in relationships, as well

as between those who are not in a relationship. It is also possible for a young person in a consensual relationship to be coerced into sharing an image with their partner. Incidents may also occur where:

- Children and young people find youth involved imagery online and share them claiming to be from another person.
- children and young people digitally manipulate an image of a young person into an existing nude online
- images created or shared are used to abuse children e.g. by selling images online or obtaining images to share more widely without consent to publicly shame

The sharing of youth involved sexual imagery can happen publicly online, in 1:1 messaging or via group chats and closed social media accounts.

Youth involved sexual imagery, videos or live streams may include more than one child or young person.

The types of incidents which are covered in this policy are:

- A person under the age of 18 creates and shares youth involved imagery of themselves with another person under the age of 18
- A person under the age of 18 shares youth involved imagery created by another person under the age of 18 with a person under the age of 18
- A person under the age of 18 is in possession of youth involved imagery created by another person under the age of 18

This policy does not cover:

- the sharing of youth involved imagery of under 18s by adults (18 and over) as this constitutes child sexual abuse and the Trust and its schools will always inform the police as a matter of urgency
- children and young people under the age of 18 sharing adult pornography or exchanging sexual texts which do not contain images

In response to these issues, the Trust and its schools will follow the Trust's Safeguarding and Child protection policy and will also refer to the Department for Education's (DfE's) Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024.

### **3. Disclosure:**

Disclosure about youth involved imagery can happen in a variety of ways. The child may inform a member of staff. Alternatively, a friend or parent may inform a member of staff or the police may have been informed directly. There is also the possibility that a member of staff may be made aware of an image in circulation by other students not involved but whom have been exposed to imagery as a result of wider distribution.

All members of staff should be aware, recognise and refer any disclosures of incidents of youth involved sexual imagery. Any direct disclosure by a child should be taken seriously. A child who discloses they are the subject of sexual imagery is likely to be embarrassed and worried about the consequences. It is possible that a disclosure is the last resort as they may have tried to resolve the issue themselves.

#### 4. Responding to incidents:

All incidents involving youth involved imagery should be responded to in line with the Trusts Safeguarding and Child Protection policy, Child on Child abuse policy and Behaviour policy.

When an incident of youth involved sexual imagery comes to the attention of any member of staff in a setting:

- the incident should be referred to the DSL as soon as possible, **images or videos should not be viewed**
- the DSL should hold an initial review meeting with appropriate staff. This may include the staff member who heard the.
- The DSL will follow the procedures and guidance set out in UKCIS - [Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people - GOV.UK](#)
- It may be appropriate that there should be subsequent interviews with the children involved.
- parents and carers should be informed at an early stage and involved in the process in order to best support the child unless there is good reason to believe that involving them would put the child at risk of harm
- a referral should be made to CHAD and/or the police immediately if there is a concern that a child or young person has been harmed or is at risk of immediate harm at any point in the process

#### 5. Education

Educating children about safeguarding issues can prevent harm by providing the children with skills, attributes and knowledge to help them navigate the risks. The Trust and its schools will provide the children with opportunities to learn through Relationship and sex education, PSHE and the wider curriculum.

#### References

- UKCIS - Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people - GOV.UK
- CEOP – Child Exploitation and Online Protection command ☒ Childline
- IWF – Internet Watch Foundation
- Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024